SNAPSHOTS OF SYSTEMS ENGINEERING RESEARCH AT UMCP

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> Model-Based Systems Engineering Workshop Goddard Space Flight Center Greenbelt, Maryland, February 18, 2016



OVERVIEW

Model-Based Systems Engineering at Maryland

• Model-Based Systems Engineering (MBSE) at ISR

Snapshots of Research

- Working with GPM: PaladinRM Software Tool.
- Working with Semantic Web Technologies.
- Integration of NLP with Ontologies and Textual Requirements

Acknowledgements / Co-Workers

- At UMD: Scott Selberg, Natasha Shmunis, Vimal Mayank, Cari Wojcik, John Baras, Reza Ghodssi, Matt Mosteller, Nefretiti Nassar, Parastoo Delgoshaei, Eddie Tseng, and Leonard Petnga.
- At NASA: David Everett, Jessica Knizhnik, Craig Carignan.



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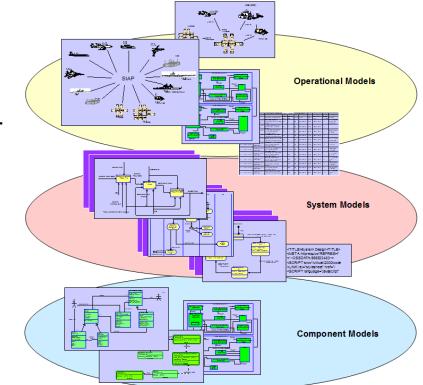
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Definition and Scope

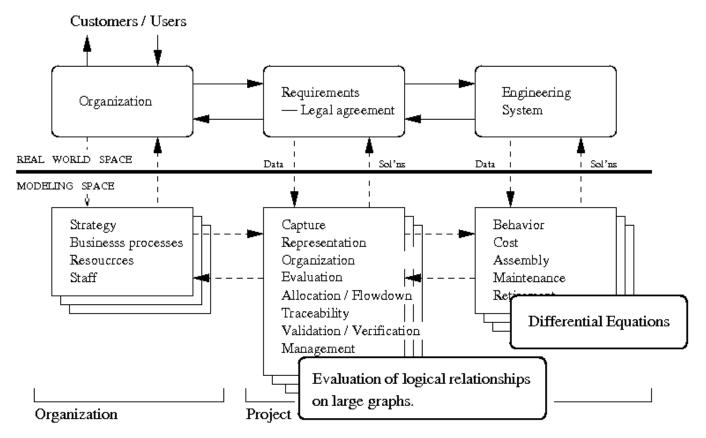
- Formalizes the development of systems through the use of models.
- Broad in scope, across multiple stages of system development and multiple physics.

Benefits of MBSE

- Allows for the development of virtual prototypes.
- Facilitates communication among disciplines in team-based development.
- Enables semi-formal and formal approaches to system assessment.
- Management of system complexity.

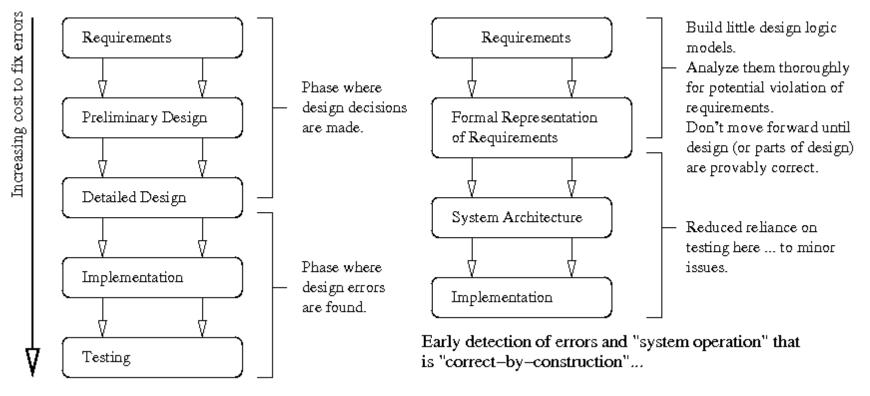


Tenet 1: Create Big-Picture View and Emphasize Model-Based Systems Engineering. The mathematics needed for formal approaches to systems engineering is foreign to many engineers.





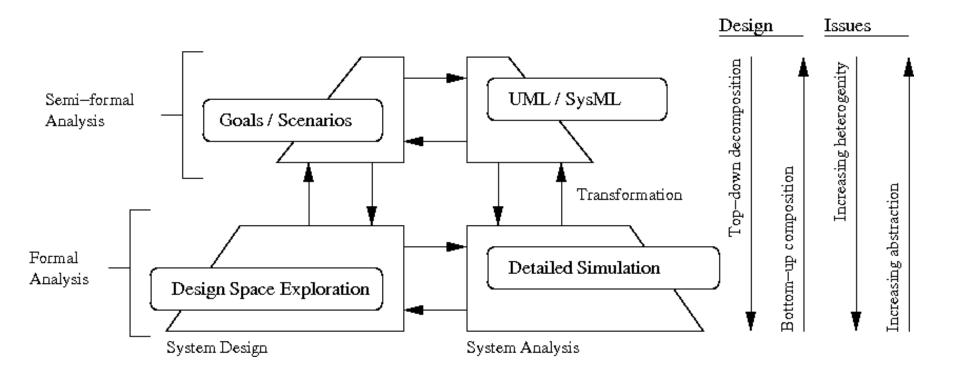
Tenet 2: Emphasize Disciplined Approaches to Design. Techniques include decomposition, abstraction, and formal analysis.



Traditional Approach to Design and Test

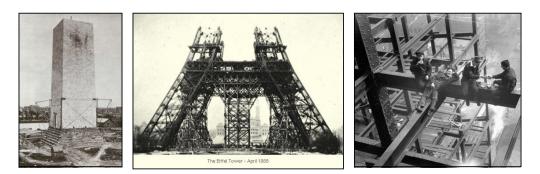


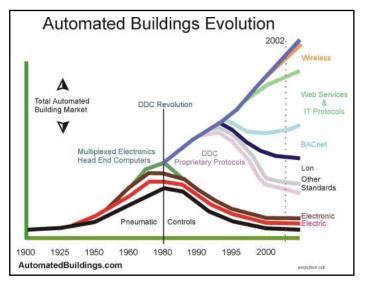
Tenet 3: To keep the complexity of design activities in check, we need to employ mixtures of semi-formal and formal approaches to system development.





Motivating Application Area 1: Buildings!

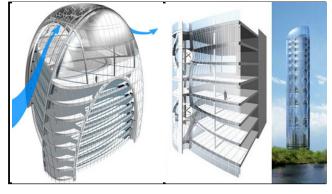




Pearl River Tower Complex

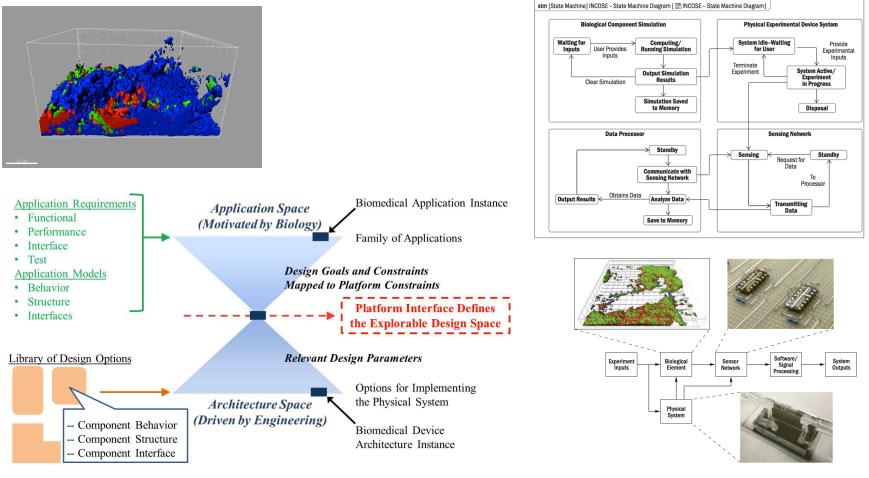


Green Technology Tower -- Architectural Proposal for Chicago



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Motivating Application Area 2: Platforms for Biomedical Experimental Research



Source: Mosteller et al., 2012

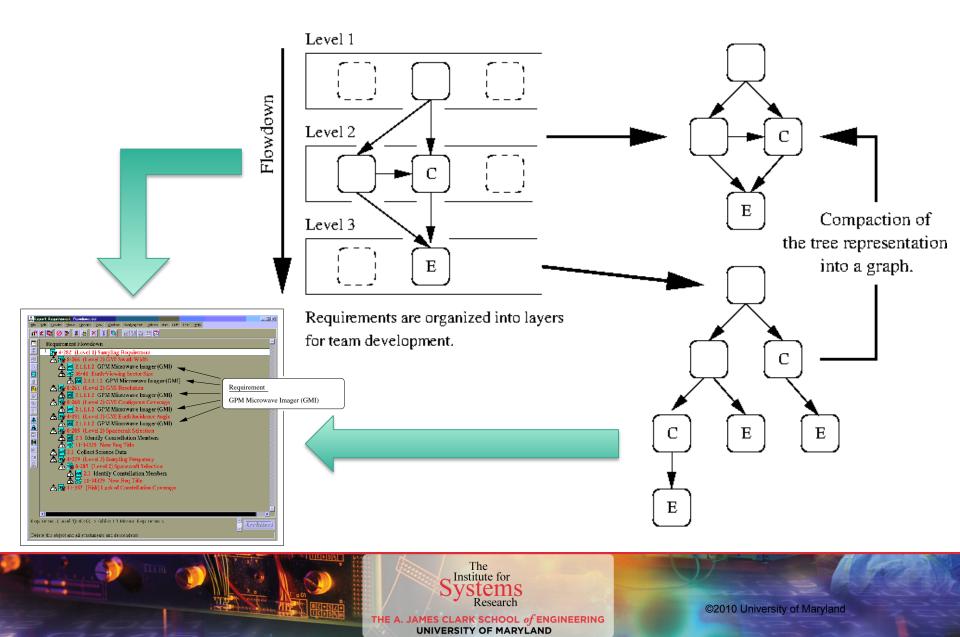
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PART 1

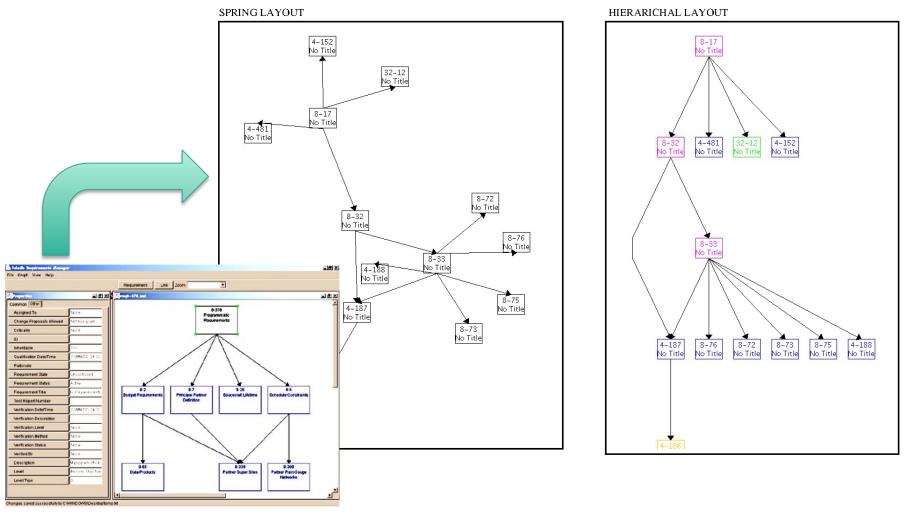
WORKING WITH GPM (2002-2003)



WORKING WITH GPM



WORKING WITH GPM

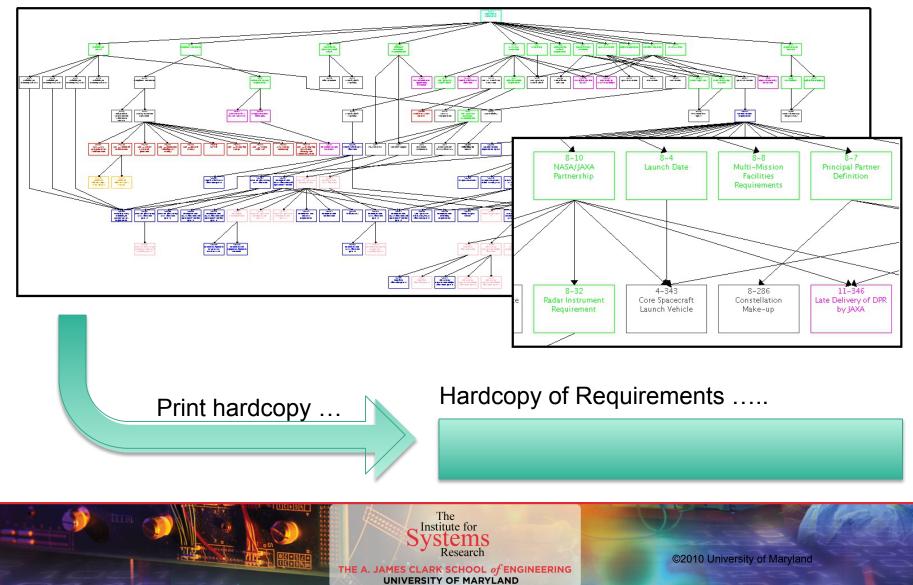




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WORKING WITH GPM

Paladin RM Graphical User Interface.



PART 2

WORKING WITH SEMANTIC WEB TECHNOLOGIES

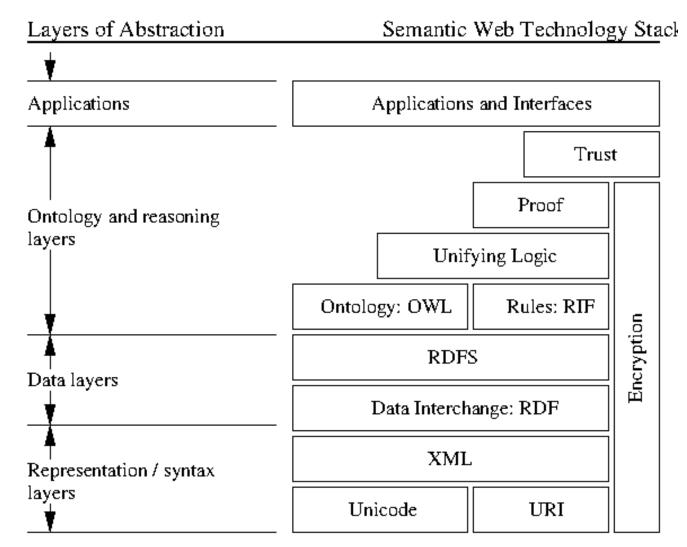


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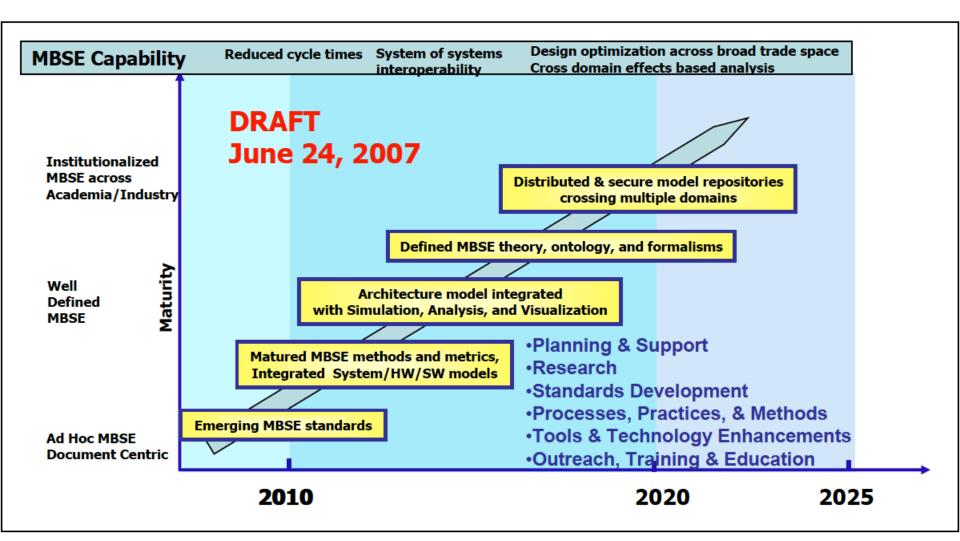
Research

The





MBSE CAPABILITY 2020 -- 2025





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ONTOLOGY MODELING AND RULE-BASED REASONING

Fact. Sam is a boy. He was born October 1, 2007.

Rule 1: For a given date of birth, a built-in function getAge() computes a person's age.

Rule 2: A child is a person with age < 18.

Age Rule

The Facts

Sam

Oct. 1, 2007

hasBirthdate

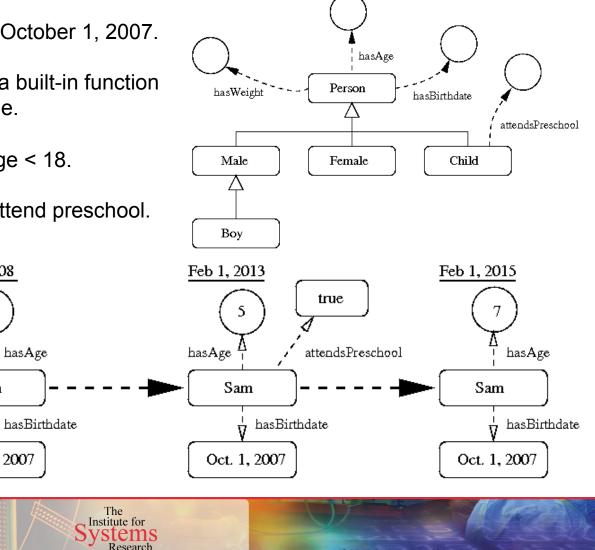
Rule 3: Children who are age 5 attend preschool.

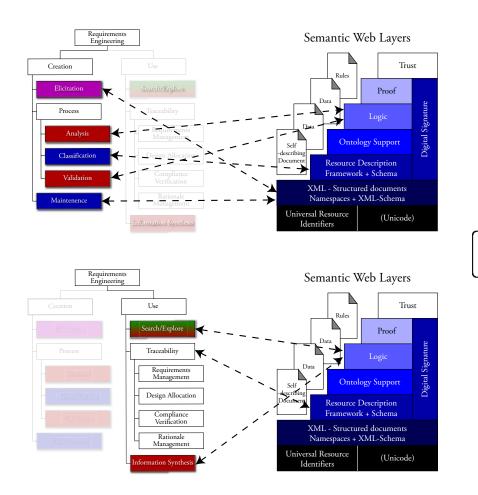
Feb 1, 2008

0

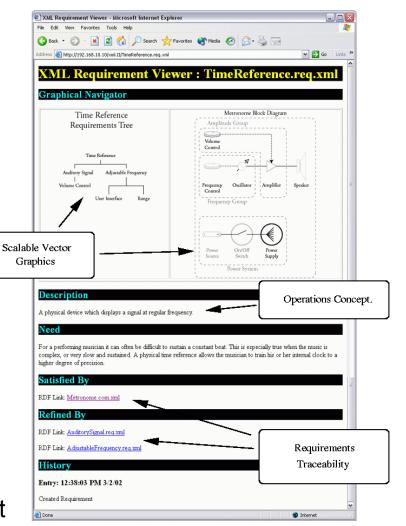
Sam

Oct. 1, 2007





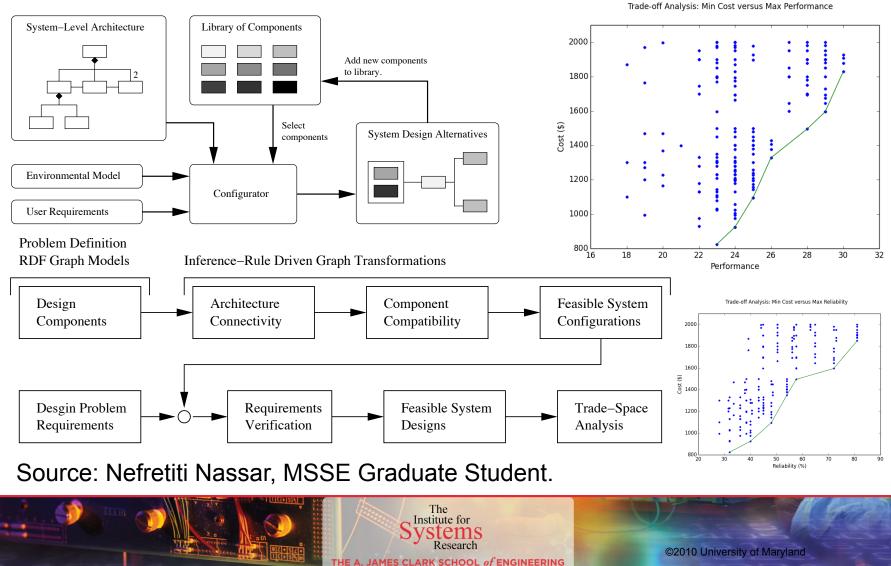
Source: Scott Selberg, MSSE Graduate Student



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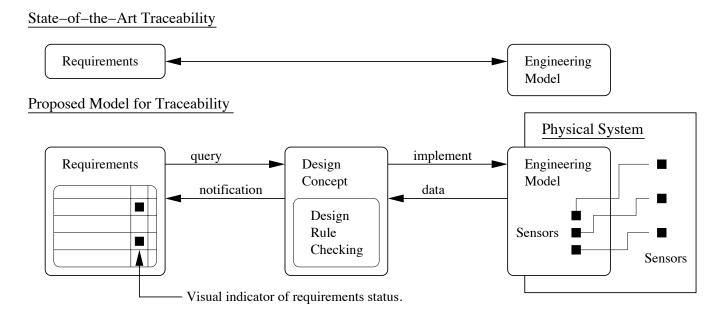
ENCE 688R / MSSE PROJECT WORK

DESIGN AND TRADE-OFF ANALYSIS WITH RDF GRAPHS



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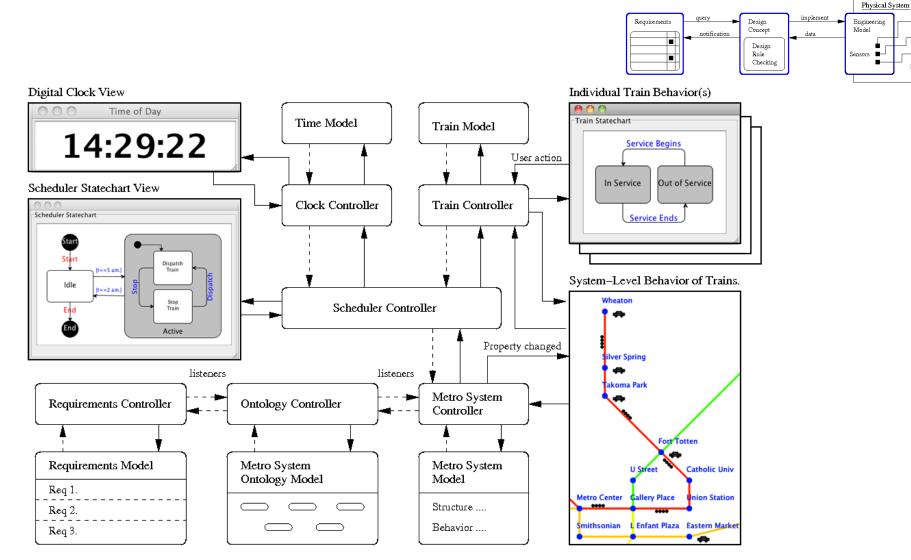
New idea (2005): Ontology-enabled Traceability Mechanisms



Approach: Requirements are satisfied through implementation of design concepts. Now traceability pathways are threaded through design concepts.

Key Benefit: Rule checking can be attached to "design concepts" (ontology), therefore, we have a pathway for early validation.







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Sensors

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Requirement level (textual representation) The metro system will start working at 5 am.

Rule level (SWRL)

scheduler(?s)^ hasTime(?s,?t) ^ swrlb:greaterThan(?t,5) ^ train(?tr)

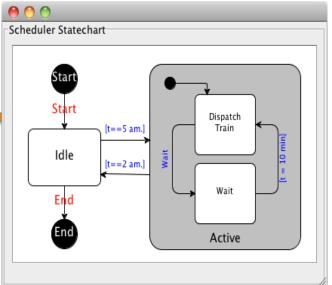
^ isAvailable(?tr,true)=>sendTrain(?s,?tr)

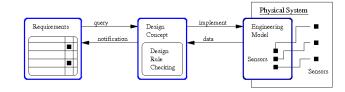
Guard Statement

The transition from idle to active is conditional on " [t == 5 am.]" evaluation results.

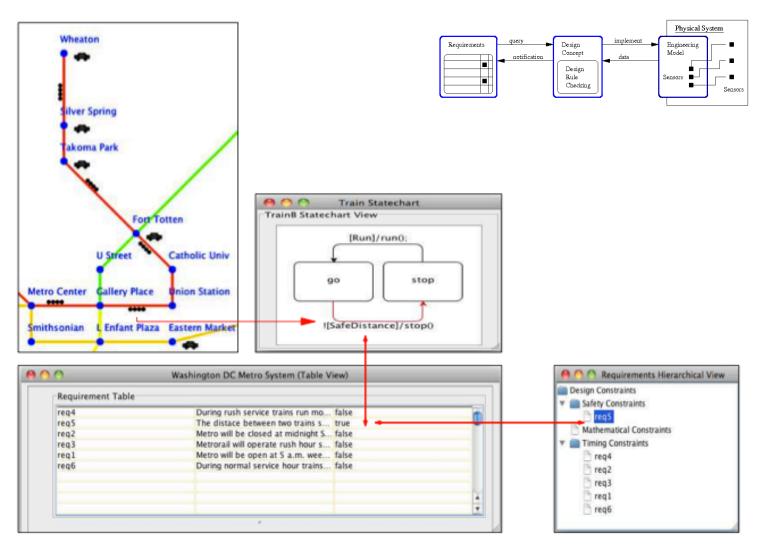
Expected Behavior

- The scheduler statechart will transition from idle to active at 5:00 am.
- The statechart of at least one train will transition to the "At Station" state.



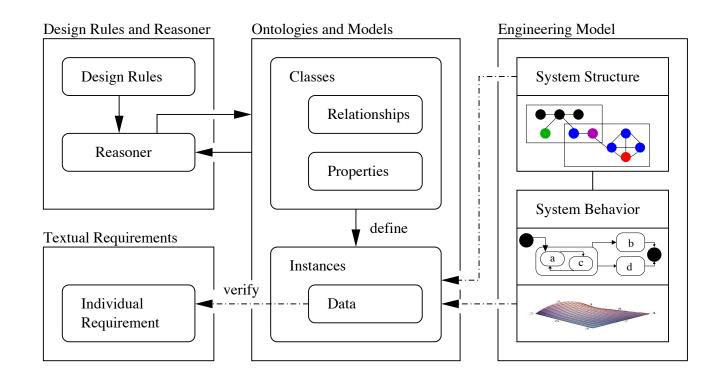


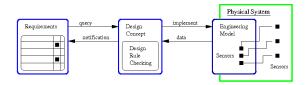
STATECHART TO REQUIREMENT TRACEABILITY





Parastoo finishes MSSE Degree in Dec. 2012. Matriculates to Ph.D. in Civil Systems in Jan. 2013.





Remarks

System structures are modeled as networks and composite hierarchies of components.

Behaviors will be associated with components.

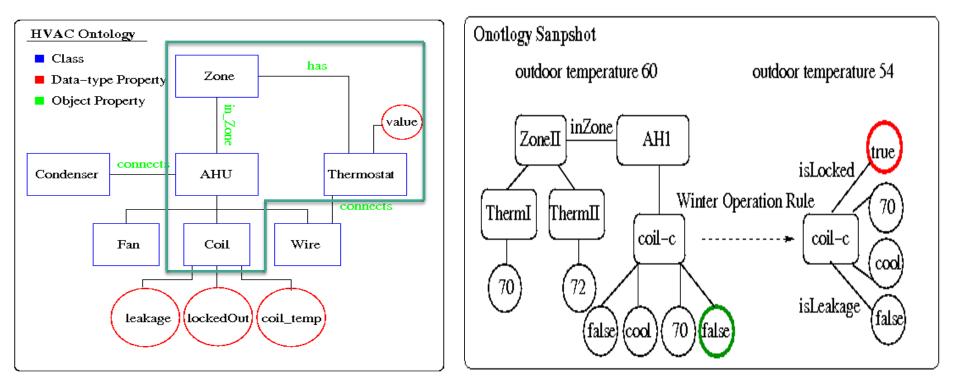
Discrete behavior will be modeled with finite state machines.

Continuous behavior will be represented by partial differential equations.



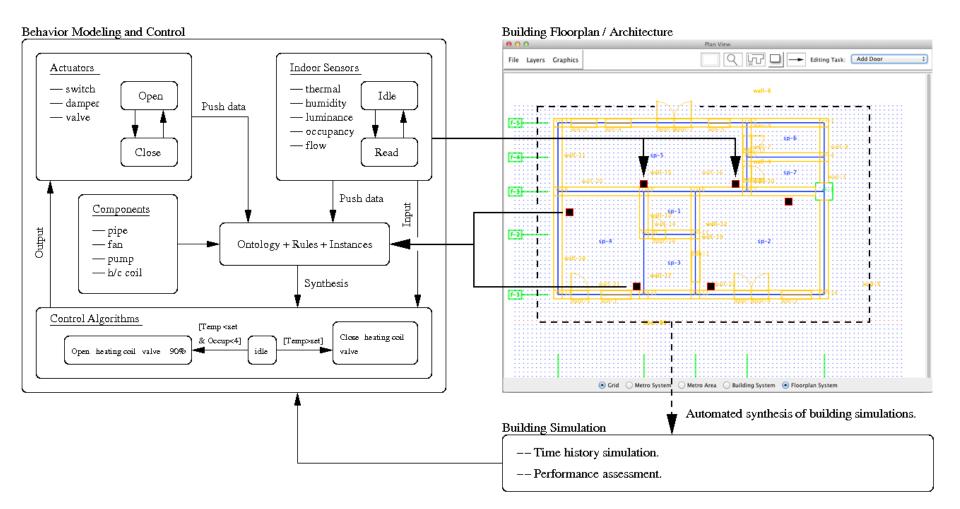
Requirement: Cooling coil will be locked out for winter operation (55 F)

Rule: (?cc RDF:type Cooling) (?cc ont:isLocked? ?l) (?out_temp ont:hasValue ?v) lessThan(?v,55) ->(?l, true)



INFERENCE RULES FOR HVAC ONTOLOGY







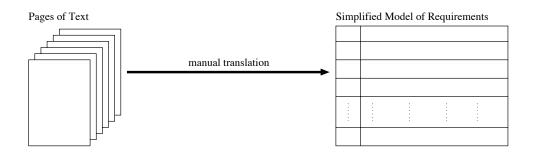
PART 3

INTEGRATION OF NLP WITH ONTOLOGIES AND TEXTUAL REQUIREMENTS



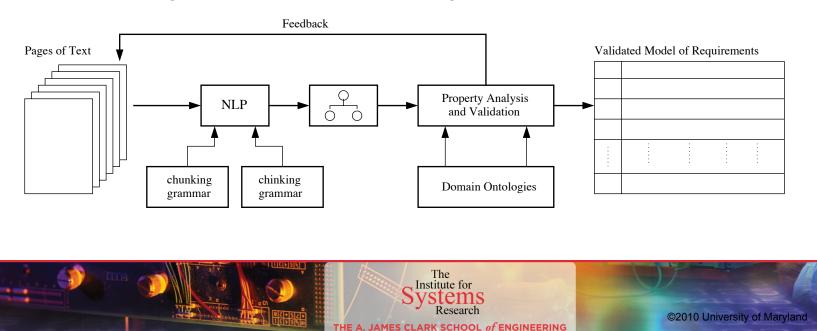
State-of-the-Art Practice / Our Idea

State-of-the-Art Practice: Transforming Textual Requirements into Models

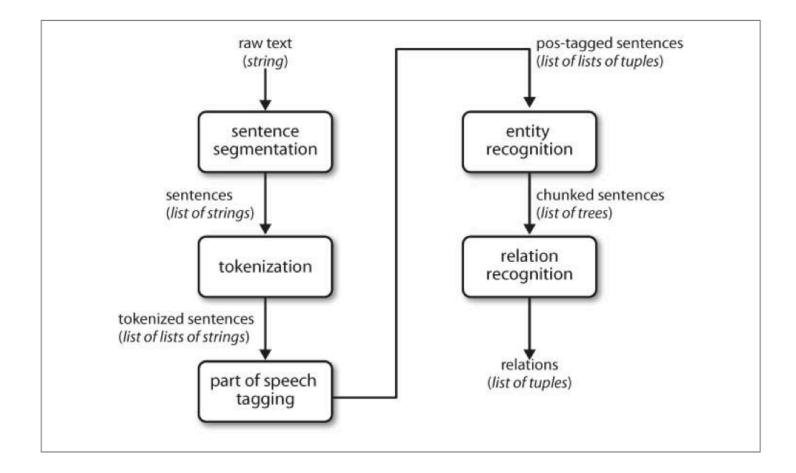


Problem size: 100's – 1000's of pages. Difficulties: slow, error prone, no support for validation.

Our Idea: Integration of NLP with Ontologies and Textual Requirements



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Source: Scholarly Paper, Andres Arellano, 2014.



Tokenization: Identify and provide access to individual words in the text.

```
text = "These prerequisites are known as (computer)
        system requirements and are often used as a
        guideline as opposed to an absolute rule."
tokens = nltk.word_tokenize(my_string)
print tokens
=>
['These', 'prerequisites', 'are', 'known', 'as',
        '(', 'computer', ')', 'system', 'requirements',
        'and', 'are', 'often', 'used', 'as', 'a',
        'guideline', 'as', 'opposed', 'to', 'an',
        'absolute', 'rule', '.']
```



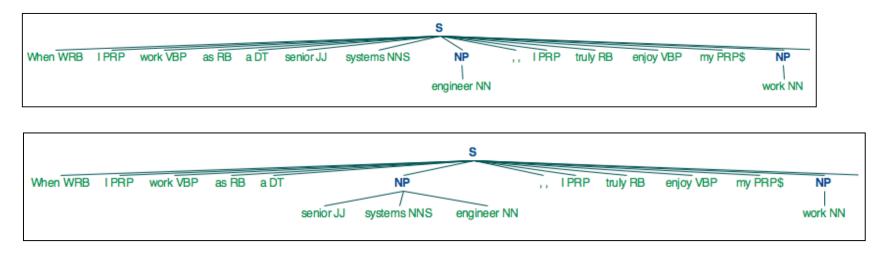
Part of Speech Tagging: Identify the role each word plays in the sentence.

```
my_string = "When I work as a senior systems
engineer, I truly enjoy my work."
tokens = nltk.word_tokenize(my_string)
print tokens
tagged_tokens = nltk.pos_tag(tokens)
print tagged_tokens
=>
[('When', 'WRB'), ('I', 'PRP'), ('work', 'VBP'),
('as', 'RB'), ('a', 'DT'), ('senior', 'JJ'),
('systems', 'NNS'), ('engineer', 'NN'), (',', ','),
('I', 'PRP'), ('truly', 'RB'), ('enjoy', 'VBP'),
('my', 'PRP$'), ('work', 'NN'), ('.', '.')]
```

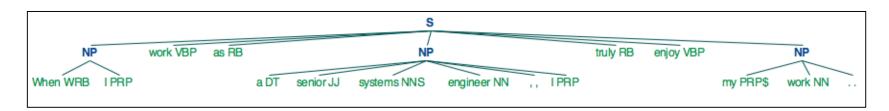
Legend: WRB = Wh-verb (e.g., How, where, why), PRP = Personal pronoun (e.g., I); RB = Adverb; JJ = Adjective, VBP = Present verb tense, etc.



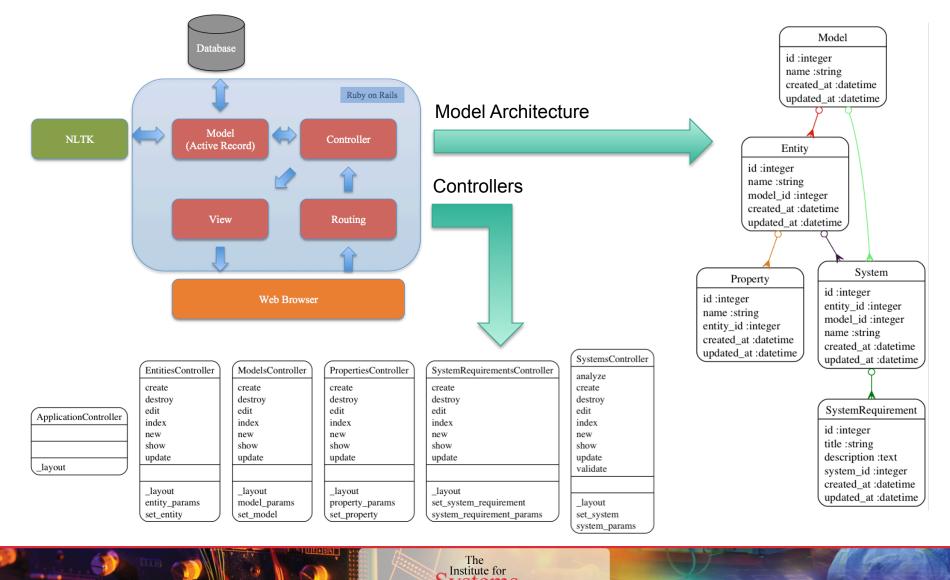
Chunking: These are patterns of part-of-speech tags that define what kinds of words make up a chunk.



Chinking: Patterns for what kinds of words should be excluded from a chunk.







Systems Integration / Prototype Software Implementation

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Simple Aircraft Application

Ontology Model +Model: Transportation +Entity: Aircraft	Ę					
+Engines +Wings +Slides +Throttle Levels +Altitude Indicator Length: 254 meters Passengers Capacity			,			
TextReq Validation Systems	Requiremer	nts Models Entities	Properties	TextReq Validation	Systems Requirements	Models Entities Properties
Model				Entity		
Name: Transportation Entities: Track Station Rail Line Train Route Aircraft	on			Name: Properties:	Aircraft engines wings slides throttle levers altitude indicator length passengers capacity	
Back Edit Delete				Back Edit D	elete	



Simple Aircraft Application: Requirements

	ystem Requ	irements		
d	Title	Description	System	Actions
1	A plane needs wings	A wing is a type of fin with a surface that produces aerodynamic force for flight or propulsion through the atmosphere	1	Edit Delete
3	The plane needs throttle levers	Each thrust lever displays the engine number of the engine it controls	1	Edit Delete
4	The length of the plane	The length of the entire aircraft should be 254 meters	1	Edit Delete
5	The plane should have engines	An aircraft engine is the component of the propulsion system for an aircraft that generates mechanical power	1	Edit Delete
6	The capacity is 255 passengers	The aircraft needs to have a passengers capacity of 255	1	Edit Delete



Simple Aircraft Application: Analysis of Requirements

	erty	Value
hars	3	547
en to	okens	94
ente	ences	1
orte	r stems	94
anca	aster stems	94
Vnl s	tems	94
bi	ects	
	aircraft plane engine capacity length propuls flight force lever number power surface sys	
-	aircraft plane engine capacity length propuls flight force lever number power surface sys passengers displays engines generates levers	stem throttle thrust type



Simple Aircraft Application: System Validation

erified properties	engines wings throttle levers length passengers capacity
Unverified properties	slides altitude indicator



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- Nassar N. and Austin M.A., Model-Based Systems Engineering and Trade-Off Anslysis with RDF Graphs, CSER 2013, Georgia Institute of Technology, Atlanta, GA, March 19-22, 2013.
- Arellano A., Carney E., and Austin M.A., Natural Language Processing of Textual Requirements, ICONS 2015, Barcelona, Spain, April, 2015. **Best Paper Award.**



Thank You

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